ing to the excited Jerseyman; "You keep quiet and it will be all right. We have it fixed." Meanwhile the confusion continued to be

seanwhile the contrusion continued to be so great in the hall that even after Chair-man Richardson had recognized Gov-ernor Thomas of Colorado to second the nomination of Mr. Towne not a word of his speech could be heard by the other dele-gates or the people in the galleries.

Threat to Clear Galleries. Finally, after Governor Thomas had been White went to the stand and in a ringing ild move the galleries be cleared.

the announcement was made that the state would yield to New York. Then the result of the Hill conference was apparent.

A tremendous shout of applause swept through the hall. Delegate Grady, one of the leaders of Tammany Hall, had already ascended the platform, and, as he stepped to the front to address the convention, the applause and cheering increased.

His first sentence rang through the great building in trumpet tones.

"On behalf of the democracy of New

ork I present to this convention for nom-nation for the vice presidency the name of havid Bennett Hill."

It was dramatic in the extreme. The ef-ect was electrical. His words set the ovention in a frenzy of enthusiasm. The tene which followed was by far the most impestuous of the session, and the name. Hill echoed and re-echoed through the all. State standards were seized and held oft and the convention was canopled with attering flags and handkerchiefs. Dele-ates and spectators cheered and the great ructure fairly shook with the noise, when be galleries became infected with enthusi-sm.

through the surging multitude to the plat-form. As he ascended it his hands were eagerly grasped and he was escorted to the of the permanent chairman. He asked Grady to yield to him that he might a statement, but Grady declined Van Wyck of the New York deleon, hurried to Gov. Hill and began an nest conversation with him, urging him to decline the nomination which evily seemed to be within his grasp. Hill shook his head, was a pretty, even a dramatic, side. All the convention was pulsating enthusiasm and cheers. to Goy. Hill and began an

When, finally Mr. Grady was permitted to proceed, he said that Gov. Hill might derline, but decline or not, he shouted, New York's united and solid 72 votes will be cast

While Senator Hill on the platform waited eech he kept repeating;
'I will not take it." To Senator Grady said; "This is absolutely unfair. You could not do it."

to the end for David Bennett Hill.

Van Wyck kept urging him to ac-Judge Van Wyck kept urging him to accept and not make a declination. Hill was obdurate His face was like marble, his hand trembled and he wiped the perspiration from his brow. While Grady was speaking Hill asked to see Senator Jones, and when the chairman of the national committee came the ex-senator said to him: "Jones, stop this thing. It is not wise. It "Jones, stop this thing. It is not wise. It should not be forced upon me. Help me

top it."

Chairman Jones said: "I will help you. to on and decline, and I'll help you out." Il see the delegation leaders. You are ight. Go on and make your speech."

The Senator Hill advance to the platform, is stood with head bowed a few minutes, xpressive of gratitude for the cheers that ofted in heavy volume toward him from very part of the hall, and when finally he chance came for his voice to be heard, e began to speak:

He was frequently interrupted by prosests as he insisted that he could not accept.

When he said clearly and firmly: "I did not come into this convention as a candi-date. I did not expect to be a candidate and cannot accept the honor," again came the cries of "Yes, you can," in greater volume than before, but they had not the

Greeted by Hls Friends. He left the platform cheered to the echo and surrounded by his friends who pressed

When Georgia was called Mr. Hutchinson delivered a short speech in seconding nemarked a snort speech in seconding pomination of Stevenson from Illinois, nes Kennedy of Connecticut had yield-billinois in the roll call and received e favor from that state when its name called, and James Kennedy, chairman state delegation, made a short sec ech for Stevenson of Illinois.

When Idaho was called she gave way to ashington, and W. H. Dunphy placed in

from the floor, Chairman Sells of that legation contenting himself with the simannouncement. Kansas did not respond, respond, and ex-Governor McCreary of itucky came forward and seconded the ilination of Stevenson of Illinois, whom chilmed as a son of Kentucky, he hav-been born in that state.

when that state was called, announced from his seat that the delegation from Louisians unanimously accommed the nomination of "that gifted leader and states man, David B. Hill of New York."

Again the name of Hill aroused the convention to chearing and applicate.

New Hampshire for Stevenson. When New Hampshire was called Colone

Henry O. Kent made a very short speech Delegate Daly of New Jersey rose to sec

ond the nomination of Hill. He spoke vigorously, and his terse speech called

vigorously, and his terse speech called forth loud cheers.

Fatrick H. McCarren rose in his seat when the roil call reached New York, and announced that the empire state would yeld its time to Delaware.

L. Irving Handy of that state took the platform, and, like Mr. Daly, spoke for Hill. He declared that although the senator had declined, a better soldler had never walked beneath the democratic flag, and when he was nominated he would take it. en he was nominated he would take

The convention was becoming very imputient over the long list of seconding speeches, and there were frequent calls of "imme" before he concluded.

Senator White of California spoke energetically from the platform, declaring that those who did not deare to hear the room;

those who did not deare to hear the nominating speeches could go out. If they did not care to go out they should keep quiet. North Dakota, from the floor, seconded the nomination of Hill.

HILL NOT A CANDIDATE.

Declares He Will Not Accept Vice Presidential Nomination.

KANSAS CITY, July 6.-There was some what of a haze about the vice presidential situation even when the convention was ready to meet this morning. Mr. Steven son seemed to have the largest following with Mr. Towne next. Ellot Danforth's following had become much larger than that of Mr. Kellar of New York, and his friends were debating at 10 o'clock the adfriends were debating at 10 o'clock the advisability of letting his name be put in nomination to demonstrate to Mr. Croker that the New Yorker not selected by Tammany was the stronger. Senator Hill was a little averse to the proposition. He smiled as he said: "I'm for harmony. If Mr. banforth could go on the ticket I d as he said: "I'm for harmony. If Danforth could go on the ticket I d be for him, but I have no desire to

his name merely to demonstrate Tam-y's weakness." our own name is being mentioned," told him. am not a candidate, and I say that in veltian sense. I will not go on the don't think my friends will force e. It is my impression that Mr. Stevenn will get the nomination and thus comtie a god-ticket. Of course, I vote with
w York as a unit for Kehar, but I'm
ally in favor of Stevenson;
R. L. Metcalf of the Nebraska delega-

R. L. Metcaif of the Nebraska delega-tion said emphatically that Mr. Bryan has given no intimation to him or the Nebraska delegation as to any choice for Vice Presidetegration as to any choice for Vice Presi-dent. The Nebraska delegation met this morning and it was found that six votes would be cast for Stevenson and the other ten scattered among the various candi-dates. It was the opinion of Metcalf that Stevenson will be nominated. This opinion was also expressed by Senator Jones of Arkansas, Chairman Richardson and other leaders who had been consulted.

should not be presented to the convention. He said: "It will be a splendid ticket and platform, no matter who has second place. I am entirely content over the action of the convention, and have no regrets regarding myself. I never was a candidate in the sense of seeking the nomination. Any ambition I ever had I was glad to subordinate to party harmony and success."

ASCRIBES HIS FATE TO STRONG DRINK

History of the Crime for Which He Suffered Death.

Hymn.

HIS JAIL EXPERIENCE

"I'm going home to heaven; ain't that good news?" sang Nelson Vale, as he stood on the scaffold at the District jail this afternoon. "I'm going home to Jesus-" Just then the drop fell. It was precisely six minutes after 12 o'clock. Although the pulse continued to beat in a manner unusually strong for twenty-four minutes, death so far as sensation was concerned, was in-

was partially dislocated, but was not

The execution, which was the penalty for the murder of Alexander Jackson last January, was probably the quietest in the history of the jail. The attendance was smaller than at any other similar event. Within three minutes from the moment the warden started from his office for the cell of the condemned man, to read the death warrant, the drop had been sprung. Upon reaching the end of the rope the body twiched slightly and then remained passive twiched slightly and then remained passive until lowered into a casket at 12:32 o'clock. Within half an hour from the time the warden gave the signal to the unseen executioner the body of Nelson Vale was on its way to the undertaking establishment of R. S. Harvey's Sons. Later it will be turned over to Undertaker Charles Dahney, who will remove it to Vale's former home at Fort Reno, near Tenleytown. Funeral services are to be conducted Sunday afternoon either at the house or in a church, it has will be in a cemetery near Tenleytown. The

Went Singing to Scaffold.

Vale, who was at least seventy years of age, marched to the scaffold singing the hymn quoted in the foregoing. He was accompanied by Rev. Mr. Roberts, Rev. W. colored ministers. The clergymen and the condemned man participated in the singing, the voice of Vale ringing out strongly and without a tremor. His conduct was little short of remarkable in the face of death. When the warden and his assistants went to the cell for the last time Vale arose quickly from his chair and placed his arms behind him, in order that they might

strapped.

He walked unswervingly across the rothe warked unswervingly across the ro-tunda, along the corridor and up the steep steps of the scaffold. As though anxious for the end to come, he unhesitatingly took position on the drop and, to the best of his ability, assisted those whose duty it was to strap together his knees and to adjust the noose and the black cap. Throughout these proceedings he was singing. The skin of the neck was not broken by the drop and there was no bleeding.

Strong Drink Responsible. All indications point to the fact that Vale really wanted to die. To Rev. Mr. Roberts he stated this morning:

"I'm glad to go. I want you to tell them after it is all over the real cause of my trouble. I made a dollar and a quarter trouble. I made a dollar and a quarter the day before the shooting. I spent 75 cents of it for a pistol and the other 50 cents for whisky and gin. mixed. The liquor was responsible for what I did."

Rev. Mr. Roberts spent the night with Vale in his cell. Shortly after 11 o'clock last night the condemned man, at the request of his spiritual adviser, lay down to rest. He are a hearty breakfast this ment. execution. He calmly inquired if it was not the duty of the warden to read to him the death warrant. Frequently he would walk up and down the cell, and once on reaching the doorway glanced in the direction of the scaffold and remarked:

"I'm going to heaven that way."

Half an hour before the execution Warden Harris visited the murderer's cell and inquired if there was anything he could do or if there was anything the inmate would like to have to eat.

like to have to eat.
"No, thank you," was the answer of Vale; "I'm much obliged. I had a good breakfast and enjoyed it and want nothing more."

Bade Fellow Prisoners Tood-Rve. During the morning Vale bade good-bye to a number of the prisoners. He also gave nstructions for the disposition of his belongings. He told the ministers to give ring to his daughter, certain other things to his son and several small articles to one of the prisoners who had been especially kind to him. In connection with these bequests Vale announced that he was at peace with the world and "had nothing

against anybody."

The march to the scaffold was past the cells occupied by Funk and McUin, condemned murderers. Both were very quiet today. After the execution of Vale Funk inquired in an interested manner regarding the details of the hanging.

Vale's Jail Experience.

During the several months that he wa confined in jall. Vale never gave the guards the slightest trouble. So far as he was able to do so he lived up to the very letter of the rules of the prison. Being unable to read and write, the unfortunate man passed many hours in reflection and brooding over the fate that awaited him. From the time of his arrest until the foreman of the trial jury said: "Guilty as indicted," Vale believed he would be acquitted. He certainly hoped for a penitentiary sentence at the worst, and it was not until a week ago that he really believed he would have to die on the scaffoid. He had heard of the postronements in the cases of Funk and the postponements in the cases of Funk and

to die on the scantoid. He had heard of the postponements in the cases of Funk and Snell, from time to time, and he thought his counsel would be able to prolong his life in this way.

When Funk's execution was postponed until fall Vale felt certain he would be permitted to live through the summer. Prissoners in the jall, and others, were responsible for this belief, for his spiritual adviser, the Rev. Roberts, has always told him he would better prepare for the ending of his life on the scaffold. At one time Vale broke down and for several days he refused to be comforted. Then it was believed he would never be able to walk to the scaffold without assistance. Soon after the turned his thoughts to religion there came a decided change in him, and he declared he was not only willing, but was anxious to die. His regigious enthusiasm soon knew no bounds and he talked of go-

His Only Regret. The only regret he expressed was that he would have to die on a scaffold. From time to time he talked to his fellow prisoners about the civil war, when he served as a teamster, and he pointed with pride to

his trip through Georgia with Gen. Sherman. His military record, he hoped, might eventually save him from the gallows.

Vale frequently talked of his home and relatives in North Carolina, but not many of the latter were interested in him enough to ever call on him at the jail. The prospective disposition of his body gave him some uneasiness.

"It's bad enough to be hung," he remarked, "but it's worse when you think of your body being thrown in potter's field. It's like having nobody to care for you."

His mind was greatly relieved when the Rev. Roberts assured him his body should not reach potter's field.

"Til see that your body is given a Christian burial in a good cemetery," the minister said to him, "and I'll defray the expenses if your relatives fail to do so."

In response to this the old man said he would die happy.

In response to The Crime Committed.

City, near Tenleytown, the after

on Vale, known to his friends as "Old was executed for the kill

jail.

Alexander Jackson, who was about thirtyfive years old, came here from Brunswick,
Md., a few months prior to the fatal encounter, and worked on the Rockville eleccounter, and worked on the Rockville elec-tric road, where Vale was also employed. He boarded two doors from Vale's house, and had been visiting Mary Ellis. He called on her Friday night, January 12, and Vale returned home and found him there. A war of words but no blows followed. Soon after the deadly shot was fired Police-man John Sullivan arrested Vale on the road. The latter showed where he had thrown the pistol, but it could not be found. Mary Ellis was arrested and held as a witness.

witness.

Vale admitted the shooting but claimed he fired the shot in self-defense.

The bullet passed through Jackson's ear and was foun in a flattened condition at the base of the brain. Death resulted from the wound inflicted by the bullet, which had passed through the brain.

Calls to See Jackson. It was stated that the day of the shooting boarded, and inquired for the latter. Jackson refused to go out and Vale thereupon entered the house.

Vale remarked to Jackson: "You didn Vale remarked to Jackson: "You didn't treat me like a man."
Jackson objected to having anything to say to the old man, but the latter insisted on talking. The name of the woman, Mary Ellis, was mentioned, and Vale said: "Mary's dressing to go to church now. Why don't you dress and go with her?" Vale then dared Jackson to go with the woman. Several times the old man said: "I am going to light your streets up."
Vale finally went out of the house and five minutes later Jackson also passed out

five minutes later Jackson also passed out into the yard. The trouble was renewed by

Jackson was on his way to the rear of the

dded: "I ought to have kicked you when caught you in the house the other night." Jackson picked up a stone and threw it He was stooping to pick up a second stone when Vale, who was near the middle of the street, took his pistol from his pocket and fired one shot.

When the first stone was thrown Vale was walking toward Jackson, using threatening language. Makes a Threat

One of the witnesses who appeared at the trial testified that he heard Vale start the trouble with Jackson and use considerable profanity. After accusing Jackson of causing trouble in his family he remarked:

the sun goes down."

The witness told of threats made by Vale and said he saw him advancing toward Jackson's home with his hand on his revolver. After going to a store and purchasing a cigar, Vale returned and went in front of Jackson's house. He invited Jackson out, and when the latter refused the invitation he went in. Later he was in his house when he heard the report of a rise house when he heard the report of a rise. vitation ne went in. Later ne was in his house when he heard the report of a pis-tol. Witness remarked to a friend: "There, Nelse has killed Jackson. He said he was going to do it, and he's done

Mary Ellis ran out and shouted: "He's killed Jackson."
Vale said: "Yes, and I killed him on your

Vale said: "Yes, and I killed him on your account."

Mary told him he was a "liar." Vale then repeated a number of times:

"I've killed a nigger."

The trial of Vale was begun in Criminal Court No. 1 the 22d of last March. Two days later a verdict of "guilty as indicted" was reported. Attorneys Hewlett and Walker the 7th of April argued a motion for a new trial. Justice Clabaugh, the 30th of April, overruled the motion and sentenced Vale to be hanged today.

Counsel made a strong effort to secure a commutation of sentence, but notwithstanding recommendations in favor of the condemned man by the jury and the court, Attorney General Griggs, after reviewing the facts in the case at length, urged that the President not interfere.

FIRE LOSSES.

Chief Parris' Report for the Month of

four alarms of fire, a decrease of four a with the month of June, 1899. Two of the alarms were false, and irregularity in receiving them was reported in five instances. There were eleven local alarms, two of these also being false. The estimated loss for the month was \$12,415, covered by an insurance of \$11.925, against a loss of \$27,-320 and an insurance of \$7,245 for the pre-vious month, and a loss of \$7,785 and an insurance of \$5,085 for the month of June, 1899. While the loss insurance of \$5,065 for the month of June, 1899. While the loss resulting from the fires for which the twenty-four regular alarms were sounded amounted to but \$4,250, the loss resulting from the fires to which the department was called by the eleven local alarms sounded during last month amounted to \$8,155.

INJURIES PATAL

Niland Dies as Result of Car and Engine Collision.

Matthew Niland, one of the men who was injured in the collision between No. 7 hose carriage and a 9th street car at the R street crossing, died at Garfield Hospital about noon today. Soon after he died Chief Parris and the police officials were notified. It is likely that Coroner Carr will also be notified of his death. As his death was probably due to the injuries received was probably due to the injuries received at the time of the collision an inquest may be ordered. Such an investigation would determine the cause of the accident and place the blame where it belongs. Niland, who is thirty-seven years old, was acting as a substitute for a member of No. 7 fire company at the time his head was injured. He was born in this city and served as a member of the fire department a number of years. Because of his excellent record as a fireman he was made foreman of No. 6 engine company, and afterward held a similar position in truck C. company. He severed his connection with the department later, and receive the substitute in the department.

PASTOR LE TIVES CALL.

Montgomery, Ala. Bay been acting as a substitute in the department.

PASTOR LE TIVES CALL.

Montgomery, Ala. Services.

The congregation of the First Baptist Church of Montgomery, Ala., has extended a unanimous call to the pastorate of that church to Rev. Chaptes A. Stakely, D.D., the pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city. At a section of the congregation held at the close the morning services last Sunday the Montgomery congregation adopted a report made by a committee appointed to recommend a pastor, which reat the time of the collision an inquest may

adopted a report made by a committee appointed to recommend a pastor, which re-port was unanimous in naming Dr. Stakely. The vote was a rising one, and sustained The vote was a rising one, and sustained without dissent, the choice of the com

mittee.
Dr. Stakely has been notified of the ac Dr. Stakely has been notified of the ac-tion of the congregation in Montgomery. He declines to state in advance of inform-ing his own congregation what his decision is in regard to the matter. It is probable that Sunday next Dr. Stakely will tell his people of the call received from the Mont-gomery Church, and will then also give his decision.

Mrs. Arvilla McDonough has brought suit for divorce against her husband, Patrick J. McDonough, to whom she was married August 4, 1892, at Columbus, Ohio, Mrs McDonough is now a resident of Washing-ton, and it is stated the defendant's last known place of residence was at Bridge-town, Barbadoes, in the West India Islands, Desertion, crueity and non-support are stated as grounds for the action. Chancy and Hart are solicitors for the complainant.

but when war is waged to extend trade, force commerce or to acquire wealth, it is national piracy. Our creed and our history justify the nations of the earth in expecting that wherever the American flag is unfurled in authority, human liberty and political freedom will be found. We protest against the adoption of any policy that will change, in the thought of the world, the meaning of our flag. We insist that it shall never float over any vessel or wave at the head of any column directed against the political independence of any people or of any race or in any clime.

We are opposed to the importation of Asiatic laborers in competition with American labor, and a more rigid enforcement of the laws relating thereto.

"We are in favor of expanding our commerce in the interests of American labor and for the benefit of all our people, by every honest and peaceful means. Our creed and our history justifies the nations of the earth in expecting that wherever the American flag is unfurled in authority, human liberty and political liberty will be found. We protest against the adoption of any policy that will change, in the thought of the world, the meaning of our flag.

"We are opposed to the importation of Asiatic laborers in competition with American labor, and a more rigid enforcement of the laws relating thereto.

The silver republican party of the United

SALES OF HOLDINGS.

by the American Ice Company in its property holdings in this city. In acquiring the interests of the Great Falls and Independnies absorbed by this concern, the company estate. Through the agency of J. Eakin pieces of property have been disposed of. The building 924 Pennsylvania avenue, for merly the main office of the Great Falls Ice Company, has been sold to Mr. George Menke. The price paid was \$21,900.

the value was not based entirely on the ground. The price paid averaged about

The company has also sold the property on the east side of 31st street south of Water street, in Georgetown, formerly owned and occupied by the Independent Ice Company, to the Brennan Construction

Company, to the Brennan Construction Company of this city.

This property extends from Water street to the river front, and contains about 2,700 square feet. The price paid was about \$1 per square foot. This company, which has recently been organized here, will deal in cement and building materials and will use the wharf on the property for landing the consignments which come up the river.

the United States army, and in 1889 he Chief Parris' Report for the Month of June.

In his report to the Commissioners for the month of June, 1900, Mr. Joseph Parris, chief engineer of the fire department, states that during that period there were twenty-four alarms of fire, a decrease of four as four alarms of fire, a decrease of four as fore his death he requested that his body

> Proposal Accepted. The Commissioners of the District have accepted the proposal of Mr. Wm. P. Kelogg to sell to the District all of lot 12, block 8, Commissioners' subdivision of Washington Heights, so as to cause the public park on 18th street to front on 18th street. The price to be paid for the land reet. T \$11,800.

Marriage licenses have been issued as fol

lows: White-Adolphus D. Harlow and Johann Lonergan, Orange county, Va.; Milton J Hughes and Ella J. Duncan, Durham, N

grounds being statutory.

Cant. F. W. Dickins, United States navy has filed two suits at law against the Lin coln Fire Insurance Company, asking judg ment in the sum of \$2,548.70, on policies held by the plaintiff, the amount covering the loss sustained by a fire in Capt. Dickins' residence in July last.

filed today in the shape of a caveat brought at the instance of Ethelbert S. Griffith. The grounds for the caveat are those isually stated in the first papers of all will contests, namely, that the paper writ-ing on record is not the last will of the de-ceased, or if so it was executed while the testator was of unsound mind or under the undue influence of certain persons, said in this instance to be Alice G. Rycroft and Edward H. Rhoads.

Travis and Douglass Leading GARDEN CITY, L. I., July 6 .- Travis wa 6 up on Lockwood at the end of the first round, and Douglass was 1 up on Harri-man when they finished.

he covered walk at the western entrance to the Union station collapsed at 9:45 a.m and injured several persons. The framework

Ders.

The injured are:
William Bell, aged fourteen years, back injured and suffering badly from shock; taken to Homeopathic Hospital.
Patrick Garou, aged twelve, cut about the face and head; taken to Homeopathic Hospital.

of the Boer widows and the disbursements made by the committee for expenses of the

Capt O'Farrell states that the entire

amount received previous to and after the arrival of the envoys amounted to \$1,134.38.

About \$400 of this sum was collected on the

night of the Boer entertainment at the

Grand Opera House, \$258 being in cash.

Part of the balance was paid to Capt.

O'Farrell and some of the subscriptions re main unpaid. After all the bills now un-settled have been paid, Capt. O'Farrell will, he says, have in hand about \$18. This, the

treasurer says, is subject to the order of Dr. Leyds, the Boer agent in Europe, wh will doubtless forward that sum to thos

Heavy Expenses.

n South Africa for whose benefit it was

Capt. O'Farrell says the entertainment

given by the committee in the theater men-tioned was a very expensive affair. Fire-

works, decorations, the use of carriages and the hotel bills of the envoys while in

In addition their expenses back to New York were paid. The entire cost of the en-

sum of about \$1.120, and the total amount contributed was about \$1.134. Capt. O'Farrell asserts that although the accounts have not as yet all been made up, one of the receipts which he has is from the Arlington Hotel for a bill of \$565.60. Capt. O'Farrell did not wish to be understood as saying that this money was expended solely for the benefit of the envoys during the eleven days of their stay, but included a number of sundress, principal among which

number of sundries, principal among which were wine bill, \$140; hacks, \$127, etc. Other

expenses were: Fireworks on the evening of arrival, \$34; expenses of reception party to New York and return, \$48 (this does not include the fares of the envoys); band at theater, \$87; decoration and extra chairs same evening, \$85, besides several other items

capt. O'Farrell further says that should those who subscribed to the Boer fund and have not yet paid do so before the accounts are closed he will be able to send to Dr.

Dr. Croffut's Statment.

Referring to the visit of the Boer envoys

and their entertainment Dr. W. A. Croffut

oday said: "Capt. Patrick O'Farrell hav-

ing frankly and properly explained the cir-cumstances of the vanishing of the Boer

ellef fund of \$1,114.38 collected a few weeks ago at the Grand Opera House, I desire to

expenses of the reception. I then asked Mr. Wessels to take charge of the \$35. He

WIDENING COLUMBIA ROAD.

morrow. The law authorizing this im-

provement requires the Metropolitan Rail-

road Company to extend its line by double

tracks from 18th street and Columbia road

easterly along the latter thoroughfare to

Washington Stock Exchange.

Leyds a greater sum than \$18.

reception, etc.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, July 6.-Cables this morn

reported a cessation of selling in the Lonson market by the continent; also an abatement of the pressure from Berlin. In consequence the market there was favorably ffected. In the American securities department prices ruled fully up to New York parity, and in the case of New York Central a slight improvement was shown. In the local stock market the opening

figures were at about last night's closing, with a tendency toward improvement in the general list. After the first hour's trading the market had gained from ½ to 1½, the grangers, Baltimore and Ohio, Sugar and the local traction stocks being the most conspicuous in the advance. The strong on covering demands from the short interest, but there was some irregularity noticeable, however, and fractional decline noted in the internationally listed securities caused by renewed selling for London ac-

count.

Commission business was not as large as expected, and the only news appeared to be the action of the democrats at Kansas City, which is still looked upon as very favorable for the success of the republican ticket. Toward noon a little reactionary tendency was noticeable, said to have been due to profit-taking by some of the room traders. Louisville and Nashville suffered most in the reaction its price being reaction. traders. Louisville and Nashville suffered most in the reaction, its price being reduced 2 per cent, but this weakness was attributed to the London selling. The reaction in the general market was not marked, however, on account of the strength displayed in the traction stocks, Metropolitan Traction gaining four points, Brooklyn Rapid Transit about two and Manhattan one and one-half from opening prices.

rices. In the early afternoon trading the market again reacted on selling by traders on re-port that Hill had been nominated for Vice President. On this drive at the market some good buying was noticeable through-out the active list.

out the active list.

More was heard today of the anthracite coal situation, the buying of Reading First Preferred yesterday was said to have been for Pennsylvania and New York Central interests, and each of these interests it is stated, have acquired 50,000 shares of this stock in the past few months. The Reading road is expected to help very materially in a settlement of the trunk line and anthracite coal situation. A controlling insay that I formally withdrew from the committee as soon as its extravagant and unbusiness-like 'methods' became apparent, and openly stated my reasons therefor.

"I am also one of those still on Capt. O'Farrell's subscription books as 'unpaid.' At the mass meeting I subscribed \$25 and my wife \$10, specifically for the relief of the widows and orphans of the Boers, as repeatedly stated by the presiding officer.

"After the meeting I told Capt. O'Farrell that we should pay it only for that purpose, as we had already paid \$8 toward the expenses of the reception. I then asked in a settlement of the trunk line and anthracite coal situation. A controlling interest in Jersey Central is also said to have been acquired by this Pennsylvania-New York Central syndicate. As the entrance into New York city for the Reading railroad from Bound Brook is over the New Jersey Central, and for the Bardimore and Ohio over the two combined, it can be seen at a glance how advantageous it will be to the aforementioned syndicate to have a voice in its management, and doubly important on account of its competing at various points for business with the Lackawanna and the Lehigh Valley roads.

Big producers of iron and steel, too, are getting together to end competition and to prevent further cuts in that industry. A conference was held yesterday at the office of the Federal Steel Company in New York, at which, it is stated, action was taken looking toward one more final reduction in prices, and then consumers are to be notified that there will be no further cut in prices.

n prices.

As Wall street generally discounts—som times weeks ahead—events that afterward happen, good or bad, it might be well to ask the question whether the events that have taken place at Kansas City within the past twenty-four hours have not, in a measure, at least, been discounted, and whether, in view of the lack of outside in-

whether, in view of the lack of outside in-terest in the stock market, the professional aspect of dealings and the bad situation in China, the market should not have a few days of reactionary tendencies. In regard to tomorrow's bank statement, according to the known movement of money, the New York banks have gained \$3,000,000 this week. edings of Condemnation to Be

Captain Beach, the Engineer Commis-sioner of the District, who has immediate supervision of the matter, stated to a re-Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., banker ers, 1419 F at., membe ings for condemnation of land for he widen ing of Columbia road and old 16th street will be instituted this afternoon or to to

In a suit for divorce filed today by Mrs Maud Elizabeth Bogan, the defendant husband, John F. Bogan, is charged with will-

Pennsylvania R. R..... Phila & Reading 1st pfd Phila.c Reading 1st pm 61%
Southern Pacific 82
Southern Railway 11
Southern Railway pfd 15
Texas Pacific 15
Texas Pacific 15
Tenn. Coal and Iron 69%
Union Pacific pfd 72%
Union Pacific pfd 72%
Union Pacific pfd 68
U.S. Leather 9%
U.S. Leather 23%
Wabaah pfd 18%
Western Union Tel. 30%

Government Bonds.

 Sept.
 23%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%
 24%</

Arkansas, Chairman Richardson and other leaders who had been consulted. Congressman Sulzer, who up to the time that his own delegation took up a new man had been an aggressive candidate, agreed with his friends that his name

Then Mr. Sulzer paused and added em-

phatically:
"My friends say that if Tammany had not deserted me I would have been nominated on the first ballot, but, as Kipling says, 'That's another story.' I shall forego my vacation to work for the ticket." CROWDS EXPECTED AT LINCOLN. Mr. Bryan Still in Jevial Mood Over LINCOLN, Neb., July 6.-Chief interest in

Lincoln today in the Kansas City convention is as to when it will conclude, for with the final adjournment it is believed the local demonstration in honor of Mr. Bryan, while it was slow in starting, reached re-spectable proportions after midnight, when phone was kept ringing late into the night by friends who wished to offer congratula-tions. Many telegrams from a distance were received. Mr. Bryan was asked what effect he thought the adoption of the platvice presidency. He replied that it might tend to eliminate some candidates who would have remained in the contest had the

would have remained in the contest had the platform contained a mere reaffirmation of the silver plank of 1896. No names were mentioned, of course. Mr. Bryan was asked who is going to be the nominee for Vice President.

"The man who knows," replied Mr. Bryan, "were he to 'telegraph the information to Kansas City would be a distinguished man in a moment." The discussion of Mr. Bryan's possible visit to Kansas City came up at frequent intervals. Mr. Bryan came up at frequent intervals. Mr. Bryan said that while reading the bulletins he had done some figuring with the result that he had found that the delegates had put in the readily hours charter.

done some figuring with the result that he had found that the delegates had put in two solid hours shouting.

He jokingly remarked that he guessed he would not go to Kansas City, for the democrats had already done so much shouting that they would be shouted out and on his arrival they could not make much noise and the republican papers would state that he did not meet a cordial reception. About the city there was much speculation as to the result of the nomination. It was held with delight by the hotel people, who are already preparing to accommodate big crowds when the delegates shall visit Lincoln on their return. The Chicago Marching Club is expected here, and doubtless many of the eastern and western delegates alike will stop here. If Mr. Bryan does not make the Kansas City trip, the number who will come to Lincoln will be larger. Friends who expected Mr. Bryan would leave for Kansas City on the early morning train were at the depot in force, but he did not put in an appearance, and it was expected by the delegated he hed decided not to go at all did not put in an appearance, and it was concluded he had decided not to go at all.

ontest Between the Factions to Go to National Committee.

FOR DISTRICT COMMITTEEMAN.

pecial From a Staff Correspondent. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 6.—The ques tion of most absorbing interest to the Dis-trict delegation today relates to the selectrict delegation today relates to the selection of national committeeman for the District of Columbia. It is yet undecided who is to get this plum, which is probably the main cause of the contest. Mr. Norris has been confident up to this time that he would not be disturbed. He was reported to the convention in the temporary organization as the national committeeman from the District of Columbia, and was so entered upon the rolls of the convention. This action was taken upon the unnanimous recommendation of the subcommittee of the national committee.

national committee.
In a previous convention in a case similar
to this it was decided that in a failure of the delegation to elect, the national com-mitteeman selected in the first place should stand. Mr. Norris has been counting on a repetition of this policy in the present in-stance and expected that it would prevail, in which event he would be the committee-

man.

This morning, however, it was learned that the managers proposed to introduce a resolution to refer the matter to the new national committee for settlement. If this should be done the District contest would have to be renewed before the national committee. At the same time another move was made by the Indian territory delegation, who are in the same boat with the District. They began an agitation in favor of a proposition to refer the contest back to the territory for settlement. This proposition was not acceptable to the Norris faction nor to those territorial delegations which were seated in the first instance, and a counter agitation was set up.

The District delegations are still unreconciled and apparently irreconcilable. In the seconding speeches last night Mr. Slater seconded the nomination of Bryan and Mr. Holmead delivered the vote of that faction with Mr. Normic delivered the restrict of the second the second of the second that the second of the second This morning, however, it was learned

seconded the nomination of Bryan and Mr. Holmead delivered the vote of that faction, while Mr. Norris delivered his three votes all for Bryan. The Holmead-Slater faction are making a determined fight against Norris for national committeeman and they say they will carry their efforts to the last extremity.

Both the Holmead and Norris factions were heave all day interviewing members of the second control of the seco

busy all day interviewing members of the national committee and putting their case before them in the most favorable light to themselves, in anticipation of meeting of the committee tomorrow an settlement of this contest. N. O. M.

DANFORTH IS SIDETRACKED. Senator Hill Thought His Candidacy Was Inadvisable.

pecial From a Staff Correspondent. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 6.-Eliot F Danforth and Frank Campbell had a con-ference with ex-Senator Hill this morning in regard to the advisability of presenting allowing Danforth's name to be presented to the convention for the vice presiden tial nomination.

tial nomination.

After conference ex-Senator Hill said to me: "I do not think Mr. Danforth's name will be presented. We talked over the matter this morning and we came to the conclusion that it would not be advisable to present his name."

When asked if Florida would present Danforth's name, as reported in the morning papers, Hill said: "I think not. He has had offers from a number of states and a number would nominate him, but, as I have said, we have concluded not to do so. We do not think it advisable. It would only cause irritation between Keller and Danforth, and there is no one to do this. New York has frittered away its opportunity and has lost its chance. I still believe that Stevenson will be nominated."

y and has lost its chance. I still but Stevenson will be nominated. "Would you accept the nomination?" I asked Senator Hill.

asked Senator Hill.
"I cannot accept it," was the New Yorker's quick reply.
"But should the convention nominate you "But should the convention nominate you or offer the nomination to you, would you decline to acept?" I asked. The ex-senator smiled his familiar smile and replied, "I can only answer as you have so often heard me say in the Senate, 'I will not cross the bridge until I come to it. This is one of my favorite expressions, and I use it to answer all hypothetical questions, and that is my answer to you. Wait until I come to the bridge and then I will decide." it to answer all hypothetical questions, and that is my answer to you. Waft until I come to the bridge and then I will decide."

The fight over the vice presidency is for the moment narrowed squarely down to Towne and Stevenson. At the time of the meeting of the convention nothing had been done and the situation was chaotic, with the possibility of most anything eccentric happening. The desire to prevent Towne's nomination was sufficiently strong to make practically all who oppose him unite on Stevenson, in spite of his confessed deficiencies in the requirements of a candidate.

Nothing definite resulted from the conference of the committee of the allies, and

erence of the committee of the allies, and he possibility of a deadlock was discussed the possibility of a deadlock was discussed gravely among the delegates. An air of anxiety and gravity succeeded to the boisterous enthusiasm of last evening. Immediately after the conference closed Chairman Jones, George Fred Williams, I. G. Johnson of Kansas City and Mack of New York had a long conference with Bryan over the postal telegraph wire. At the Convention Hall the situation was thoroughly discussed and the advisability of Bryan's coming to Kansas City was considered. The conclusion reached was that he should not come.

conclusion reached was that he should not come.

It is understood, too, that Mr. Bryan does not intend to make his preference for Towne any more distinctly evident than it now is, except as the support of Towne by the Nebraska delegation may serve as a pointer. The convention already understands Mr. Bryan's preference; therefore the only thing that would change the general attitude of the convention would be to have some emphasis put upon it. The clearest statement just before the nominating speeches were made was by a man on the very inside, that a majority opposed Towne to the extent of supporting Stevenson, but that Towne had some of the strongest influence.

J. P. M. Alexander Jackson, also colored, at Reno

VALE HANGED TODAY

Sunday, the 14th of last January. Vale, who was an old man, owned the house which he had occupied for a number of years, and a counter with Jackson, which resulted in Yeale using a revolver. The affair occurred about 1:30 o'clock in the affair occurred about 1:30 o'clock in the decounter with Jackson, which resulted in Yeale using a revolver. The affair occurred about 1:30 o'clock in the affair occurred about 1:30 o'clock in the decounter with Jackson, which resulted in Jackson, which resulted in Jackson will be force commerce or to acquire wealth it the Georgstown Unitersity Hospital four hours later.

It was said velse had a number of difficulties about the woman. On one occasion he was arrived in and fined 350 for carrying a plstol. It is not the properties of the fear that he would lose Mary, and each time he got into brouble. Mary took an active part in sine low, and for using an ax and club onto man she spent a time in jail.

Alexander Jackson, who was about thirty—Alexander Jackson, w Went to the Scaffold Singing a

the laws relating thereto.

The sliver republican party of the United States in the foregoing principles seeks to perpetuate the spirit and to adhere to the teachings of Abraham Lincoln.

Some changes have been made recently

The building is a substantial one and yields in rental about \$1,500 per year, so

On the west side of 31st street and south of Water street opposite the above property is the Potomac Boat Club house. Adjoining the club house to the north is a strip joining the club house to the north is a strip of ground along 31st street, which is 50x175 feet. This was owned by the American Security and Trust Company, and has just been sold to the American Ice Company for 50 cents per square foot. It adjoins on the east the property of the Independent Ice Company, where the American Ice Company has its stables. The new acquisition will give the ice company more room, and will enable it to enlarge its accommodations at that point.

will enable it to enlarge its accommodations at that point.

Accepts Another Position.

Mr. D. Fulton Harris, having resigned as assistant treasurer of the Union Savings Bank, to take effect August 1, 1900, has accepted a position with Messrs. J. Fred Gatchel & Co., drapers and tailors, of this city, and will devote his attention exclusively to the financial interests of that firm. In taking up this new line of work he carries with him the best wishes of a host of friends who have been associated with him in the past.

Death of an Ex-Policeman.

Albert L. Carson, who served as a member of the police force a number of years and was retired in 1888, died at his home in Vermont Monday afternoon. His body will be brought here and burled at Arlington tomorrow afternoon. The deceased, who was a native of Vermont, served in the United States army, and in 1889 he

be interred at Arlington.

Marriage Licenses.

C.; John H. Moore and Bessie R. Jackson, Richmond, Va.; Morris L. Wolpe, Charlestown, W. Va., and Annie Kabansky, Washington, D. C.; Charles T. Grimes and Mamie E. Gallagher.

For Divorce. Suit for divorce has been filed by Edwin T Jones against Colette Alice Jones, the

Sues for Insurance

A protest against admitting the will of the late Wilson W. Griffith to probate was

Injured by Fall of a Root. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 6.-The roof over

for a distance of 125 feet fell on the pave and Pittsburg and Birmingham traction tracks. The accident occurred just as the passengers who had come to the city on the Cincinnati and Cleveland express from the east were leaving the station, and a number of persons had narrow escapes from being buried under the splintered tim-

sital.

August Mafredda, thirteen years, che head and right leg badly bruised; to the Homeopathic Hospital.

Michael Dersman, laborer, scalp wot Michael Millinick, laborer, head and

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

New York Stock Market.

on 16th street to Park street. Mount Pleas-Before such extension is made, however

Columbia road is to be widened to 100 feet and present 18th street to eighty-five feet. This extension of the railroad's lines shall be completed and put in operation within one year from the widening to the two thoroughfares mentioned.

It is the intention of the Commissioners, said Captain Beach, to secure the condemnation of the land required at the earliest possible day, and as the act provides that no appeal shall be permitted to delay the widening of either thoroughfare it is believed that the extension of the railroad as proposed will be made and put in operation in a comparatively short time. Federal Steel Federal Steel Federal Steel Federal Steel Federal Federal Fleetric Illinois Central Louisville & Nashville Metropolitan Fraction Manhattan Sievated Witmout Pacific Charged With Willful Desertion

ful desertion and abandonment, as well as being addicted to the use of strong drink. Mrs. Bogan asks to be awarded the custody of her child. She is represented by Mr. A. A. Lipscomb.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Bales—regular call, 12 o'click m.—Luco n National Bank, 1 at 117. Columbia Title Insurance, 15 at 4½. Washington Gas, 10 at 53½, 25 at 53½, Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 181½, 10 at 181½, 10 at 181½. 10 at 181½. American Graphophone, 31 at 11½, 10 at 181½. American Graphophone preferred, 8 at 12½, 20 at 53½.

Notice.—On motion, 15 at 10½. Washington Gas, 25 at 53½, 20 at 53½.

Notice.—On motion, the board decided to suspend the call on Saturdays during the mcuths of July and August, 1900.

District of Columbia Boods.—6a, 1902, 30-year funding, 102 bid. 7a, 1901, water stock, 102 bid. 3.65s, 1824, funding, 121½ bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Capital Traction 4a, 1069½, bid, 107 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. Indebt. B, 108 bid. Columbia Railroad 6a, 119 bid. Columbia Railroad 6a, 119 bid. Columbia Railroad 6a, 119 bid. Columbia Railroad 5a, 106 bid. Washington Gas series A, 6a, 110 bid. Washington Gas series B, 6a, 110 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Ing. 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Ing. 0a, 102½ bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. Indebt. B, 0a, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 0a, 0bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone con. 5a, 105 bid. Metropolitan, 625 bid. Central. 200 bid. American Graphophone deb. 5a, 100 bid. Second. 158 bid. National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 165 bid. Salved. Washington Scattly and Trust, 137 bid. 149 asked. Washington Scattly and Trust, 137 bid. 149 asked. Washington Scattly and Trust, 137 bid. 150 bid. Salved. Washington Scattly and Trust, 157½ bid. 158½ asked. American Scottly and Trust, 157½ bid. 158½ asked. American Scottly and Trust, 157½ bid. 158½

CHICAGO, July 6 .- Grain:

BALTIMORE, July 6.—Flour quiet eccipta, 8.118 barrela. Wheat easier; nonth, 76a7816; August, 79a7816; Sep I: steamer No. 2 red, 734a7816; re-